CONTRACTOR AND ANGLE TAXABLE

Central Intelligence Unit Needs an Overseeing Eye

Shortly after the 87th Congress convenes on Wodnesday the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, headed by Sen. J. W. Fulbright, Arkansas Democrat, resolution to create a Senate-House committee on foreign intelligence. This would seem to come under the head of the "It's About Time Dept."

When the committee gets up a full head of steam; schoes of last spring's disastrous invasion of Cuba will be heard on Capitol Hill Because the Central Litellizence Agency pulled the strings in that attempt to topple Castro's dictatorship, and because the attempt called, new life has been injected into an old more all to subject this super-secret arm of the fedresperament to a degree of congressional super-

e committee is going to put down for a public harman, a resolution sponsored by Sen. Eugene J. Mc-Carries, Minnesota Democrat, and cosponsored by 18 other Democratic senators and three Republicans. The re plation, introduced shortly after the anti-Castro force met disaster at the Bay of Pigs last April, would and lish a joint congressional committee to exercise and kind of continuing supervision over foreign notice activities and foreign intelligence programs."

the proposal is not without opposition. Sen. Carl Harden, Arizona Democrat, after the Senate rejected a rindlar proposal five years ago, declared that "Conas has no right to regulate an agency designed to provide the President with information to and him to make decisions."

Considerable concern also has been expressed the establishment of such a committee lead to to the by members of Congress of information that should be held secret. Yet the Joint Committee Atomic Energy on which the proposed new legiswould be putterned, has functioned satisfac-- pnother highly sensitive field.

Dissatisfaction with the CIA's performance in the Cuban affair and growing uneasiness over the agency's participation in undercover operations of that character, may win the present proposal for congressional oversight of foreign intelligence activities a more sympathetic hearing than it received in 1956. Everyone recognizes that effective intelligence-gatherwill decide when to hold hearings on a pending joint ing activities are vital to the security of the United States. But whether an intelligence agency also should engage in freewheeling paramilitary operations that may, if unsuccessful, gravely compromise the country's position and prestige seems to us to be highly doubtful.

> It is understood that, after the Cuban invasion, both the President's Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board and a special board of inquiry headed by Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor recommended that the conduct of paramilitary operations be turned over to the Defense Department.

> In any event, most Americans probably have concluded, from the Cuban fiasco, that at least the work of the CIA should come under review by others in the government. All wisdom in this field surely does not lie within the confines of this single agency.